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# Cast Care

Patient name: \_\_\_\_\_

Admission: \_\_\_\_\_

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- I. The client/caregiver can list types of casts.**
- Plaster of Paris
  - Fiberglass
  - Plastic
- II. The client/caregiver can describe the care of a newly applied cast.**
- Handle it carefully by using palms of hands instead of fingers to prevent indentations in the cast.
  - Allow air to circulate around it.
  - Turn cast every 2 hours to ensure even drying.
  - Support cast on a pillow, and place an absorbent material over the pillow to aid in drying.
  - Do not bear weight on new cast for at least 48 hours.
  - Apply ice to cast for the first 24 hours if prescribed by physician to decrease pain and swelling of tissue.
  - Expect cast to feel warm as it dries.
- III. The client/caregiver can describe skin care with a cast.**
- Inspect skin regularly for irritation.
  - Petal edges of cast with adhesive tape or mole skin to decrease irritation.
  - Avoid inserting any objects into the cast. (If itchiness occurs, cool air can be blown into the cast or ice can be applied.)
  - Report any breakage of the cast to the physician.
  - Avoid getting cast wet.
  - Avoid covering the cast tightly.
  - Keep follow-up appointments.
- IV. The client/caregiver can list measures to prevent possible complications.**
- Edema
    - Exercise joints above and below the cast.
    - Elevate extremity above heart to prevent edema.
    - Apply ice if swelling occurs.

- B. Constipation**
- Eat a diet high in bulk and roughage.
  - Take stool softeners as needed.
- C. Renal calculi**
- Increase fluids to 2000 to 3000 ml per day.
- D. Pressure sores and skin irritation**
- Petal edges of cast with small strips of tape.
  - Change positions frequently.
- V. The client/caregiver can list signs and symptoms of complications to report immediately.**
- Impaired blood supply
    - Lack of pulse
    - Skin pale and cool
    - Pain and swelling
    - Numbness, tingling, and prickling
  - Nerve damage
    - Increasing localized pain
    - Numbness, tingling, and prickling
    - Feelings of deep pressure
    - Weakness or paralysis not noticed before
  - Infection
    - Musty odor over cast
    - Hot spot or warmth felt on cast
    - Pain
    - Drainage
  - Cast syndrome
    - Prolonged nausea and vomiting
    - Abdominal distention

## REFERENCES

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