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Circulatory and Cardiac Medications

Patient name: _____ Admission: _____

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- I. **The client/caregiver can define the classifications of cardiac and circulatory medications.**
 - A. Antihypertensive drugs are used to lower blood pressure to a normal level.
 - B. Antianginal drugs are used to treat and prevent attacks of chest pain (angina).
 - C. Antiarrhythmic drugs are used to correct cardiac arrhythmias (irregular heart beats).

- II. **The client/caregiver can describe the desired results of each type of medication.**
 - A. The effective use of antihypertensives will result in decreased blood pressure to normal levels.
 - B. Antianginal agents should decrease the frequency and severity of any chest pain. The client should be able to increase their level of activity without chest pain.
 - C. Antiarrhythmic drug therapy should resolve the arrhythmia without untoward side effects from medication.

- III. **The client/caregiver can list important assessments and evaluations for cardiac medications.**
 - A. Monitor blood pressure and pulse at regular times. Blood pressure and pulse should be taken weekly, and any significant changes should be reported to the physician.
 - B. Teach client/caregiver how to take pulse to monitor rate and rhythm. Report any pulse

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- rate below 50 or above 120 to physician, and ask for directions in whether to take medication.
- C. Instruct the client to take medication as prescribed.
- D. Advise client to report to physician before taking any supplements or over-the-counter medications.
- E. Caution client/caregiver to monitor for any signs of dizziness or lightheadedness when moving to a standing position.
- F. Monitor supply, and refill medications as needed.
- G. Encourage other recommendations for control of heart disease such as increased exercise, required diet restrictions, and maintenance of healthy weight.
- H. Monitor any episodes of chest pain, shortness of breath, or dizziness. Report any changes to physician.
- I. Maintain follow-up visits to physician.
- J. Advise client to carry identification to include the disease and medications used.

REFERENCES

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