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# Cardiac Ambulatory Monitoring

Patient name: \_\_\_\_\_ Admission: \_\_\_\_\_

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- I. The client/caregiver can define an ambulatory electrocardiogram or a cardiac event recorder.
  - A. It is a small, portable device that records electrical activity of the heart for up to 24 hours.
  - B. It is a continuous recording of heart rate and rhythm during normal activity, rest, and sleep.
- II. The client/caregiver can describe the advantages of this method of a cardiac monitor.
  - A. It can be used for the client that might have major health risks that contraindicate a stress electrocardiogram.
  - B. It can help associate abnormal rhythms to the client's complaint or symptoms.
  - C. It also helps in evaluation of a client's progress in cardiac rehabilitation.
- III. The client/caregiver can describe the procedure for a Holter monitor.
  - A. Chest leads will be attached to body and then connected to monitor.
  - B. The monitor is then attached to a belt or shoulder strap and will be worn for a specific amount of time.
  - C. The client will be instructed to keep a log or diary, which will include
    - 1. Time and type of activity during testing
    - 2. Documentation if any medication was taken
    - 3. Documentation of any symptoms such as palpitations, chest pain, and dizziness.
  - D. At the end of the test period, the monitor will be returned and the results plus diary entries will be evaluated.
  - E. The client will return to physician for report and instructions.
- IV. The client/caregiver will list measures to aid in accurate test results using the Holter monitor.
  - A. Avoid shower, tub bath, or swimming during testing.
  - B. A sponge bath is allowed, but avoid getting the device wet.
  - C. Avoid magnets, metal detectors, electric blankets, or high-voltage areas.
  - D. Avoid oily or greasy skin creams or lotions where the self-sticking electrodes will be applied.
  - E. Keep appointments with physician for follow-up.
  - F. Have list of telephone numbers to call, if having problems or questions with test.
- V. The client/caregiver can explain how to use an event monitor or event recorder.
  - A. This device is worn for a longer period of time.
  - B. It can be removed during showers or bathing.
  - C. The electrodes are attached the same way to the chest and monitor.
  - D. This device has a button to depress when having symptoms that will start recording the activity. It usually can store three events.
  - E. This information can be sent immediately via the phone. If the results indicate an emergency situation, you will be instructed to call 911 or go to the emergency room.
- VI. The client/caregiver will list measures to aid accurate test results using an event monitor.
  - A. Avoid magnets, metal detectors, electric blankets, or high-voltage areas.
  - B. Avoid oily or greasy skin creams or lotions where the self-sticking electrodes will be applied.

(Continued)

## Part IV Procedures and Surgeries

## Procedures

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- C. Keep appointments with physician for follow-up.
- D. Have a list of telephone numbers to call, if having problems or questions with test.

## REFERENCES

Canobbio, M. M. (2006). *Mosby's handbook of patient teaching*. St. Louis: Mosby Inc.

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